

National Patient Group Direction (PGD)

Supply of flucloxacillin capsules/oral solution Version – 1.0

The purpose of this PGD is to allow management of skin infection in patients over 18 years of age by registered pharmacists within Community Pharmacies.

This PGD authorises pharmacists delivering the NHS Pharmacy First Scotland Service Level Agreement to supply flucloxacillin to patients aged 18 years and over presenting with symptoms of skin infection who meet the criteria for inclusion under the terms of the document.

Change History - None

PGD Flucloxacillin Capsules / Oral solution

Authorisation

This specimen PGD has been produced in collaboration with the Scottish Antimicrobial Prescribing Group, the Area Drug and Therapeutics collaborative and the Primary Care Community Pharmacy Group to assist NHS Boards provide uniform services under the 'NHS Pharmacy First Scotland' banner across NHS Scotland. NHS boards should ensure that the final PGD is considered and approved in line with local clinical governance arrangements for PGDs.

The qualified health professionals who may supply flucloxacillin capsules or oral solution under this PGD can only do so as named individuals. It is the responsibility of each professional to practice within the bounds of their own competence and in accordance with their own Code of Professional Conduct, and to ensure familiarity with the marketing authorisation holder's summary of product characteristics (SPC) for all medicines supplied in accordance with this PGD.

NHS board governance arrangements will indicate how records of staff authorised to operate this PGD will be maintained. Under PGD legislation there can be no delegation. Supply of the medicine has to be by the same practitioner who has assessed the patient under the PGD.

This specimen PGD has been approved on behalf of NHS Scotland by NHS 24 by:

Doctor		Signatu	ıre
Pharmacist		Signatu	ıre
NHS Scotland Representative		Signatu	ıre
Approved on beh	nalf of NHS [insert deta	ails] by	
Medical Director		_ Signature	
Director of Pharmacy/Senior Pharmacist		Signature	
Clinical Governance Lead		_ Signature	
Date Approved		_	
Effective from	May 2021	Review _ Date	May 2023

Clinical Situation

Clinical Situation	Treatment of heaterial alia infection in national aver 40 years of
Indication	Treatment of bacterial skin infection in patients over 18 years of age.
Inclusion Criteria	 Infected insect bite Cellulitis (patient afebrile and healthy other than cellulitis) Acute paronychia with signs of cellulitis
Exclusion Criteria	 Patient under 18 years old Known hypersensitivity to beta-lactam antibiotic (penicillins or cephalosporins) or any excipients Cellulitis where patient febrile and/or unwell (i.e. features suggestive of systemic infection) Cellulitis related to a human or animal bite Cellulitis related to surgical wound or chronic wound/ leg ulcer or burns Peri-orbital (preseptal)/facial cellulitis present Cellulitis on arms or torso not linked to an insect bite Recurrent cellulitis i.e. more than once within a year Acute paronychia with signs of cellulitis AND a collection of pus requiring drainage AND/OR in severe pain Diabetic foot infection Known hepatic impairment or flucloxacillin associated jaundice Known severe renal impairment History of MRSA infection or colonisation History of injecting drug use (e.g. illicit drugs, anabolic steroids) Concomitant use of interacting medication e.g. probenecid, methotrexate, oral typhoid capsule, warfarin History of porphyria Known immunosuppression or taking immunosuppressants Pregnant or breastfeeding Informed consent not obtained
Cautions /Need for further advice/ Circumstances when further advice should be sought from a doctor	 Healthcare professionals are reminded that: Careful enquiry should be made about hypersensitivity reactions to beta-lactam antibacterials Cholestatic jaundice and hepatitis may occur very rarely, up to two months after treatment with flucloxacillin has been stopped.
Action if Excluded	Cautions - see BNF and Summary of Product Characteristics Refer to GP Practice/Out-of-hours (OOH) service and document in Patient Medication Record (PMR) or Pharmacy Care Record (PCR).
Action if Patient Declines	 If patient declines treatment, advise on self-care to relieve symptoms and advise to see their GP if symptoms fail to resolve within 3 days or if symptoms worsen. The reason for declining treatment and advice given must be documented. Ensure patient is aware of risks and consequences of declining treatment. Record outcome in PMR or PCR if appropriate

Description of Treatment

Name of Medicine	Flucloxacillin				
Form/Strength	500 mg (or 2 x 250 mg)	capsules			
Route of administration	Oral				
Dosage	Health Board Specific				
	Ayrshire & Arran	500mg	Highland	500mg	
	Borders	500mg	Lanarkshire	500mg	
	Dumfries & Galloway	500mg	Lothian	500mg	
	Fife	1g	Orkney	500mg	
	Forth Valley	500mg	Shetland	500mg	
	Grampian	500mg	Tayside	1g	
	GG&C	500mg	Western Isles	500mg	
Frequency	Four times a day (during	g waking h	nours)		
Duration of treatment	5 days				
Maximum or minimum treatment period	500 mg dose - 2 g daily (10g in total) 1g dose - 4 g daily (20g in total)				
Quantity to supply/administer	500 mg dose - 20 x 500 mg capsules or 40 x 250 mg capsules 1g dose - 40 x 500 mg capsules or 80 x 250 mg capsules				
▼ additional monitoring	No				
Legal Category	POM (Prescription Only Medicine)				
Is the use outwith the SPC	No				
Storage requirements	As per manufacturer's instructions Ensure capsules are within expiry date				
Additional information	None				

Description of treatment continued

Name of Medicine	Flucloxacillin					
Form/Strength	250 mg/5ml oral solution					
	NB This form is strictly lir	nited to u	se in patients who are int	olerant		
	of gelatine or have sever					
Route of	Oral					
administration	Orai					
Dosage	Health Board specific					
	Ayrshire & Arran	500mg	Highland	500mg		
	Borders	500mg	Lanarkshire	500mg		
	Dumfries & Galloway	500mg	Lothian	500mg		
	Fife	1g	Orkney	500mg		
	Forth Valley	500mg	Shetland	500mg		
	Grampian	500mg	Tayside	1g		
	GG&C	500mg	Western Isles	500mg		
Frequency	Four times a day (during	waking h	ours)			
Duration of treatment	5 days					
Maximum or minimum	500 mg dose - 2 g daily (10g in tot	al)			
treatment period	1g dose – 4 g daily (20g in total)					
Quantity to	500 mg dose - 2 x 100ml					
supply/administer	1g dose – 4 x 100ml					
▼ additional monitoring	No					
Legal Category	POM					
Is the use out with the SPC	No					
Storage requirements	As per manufacturer's ins					
	Unopened bottle – store					
	Reconstituted solution –					
	After reconstitution or wh	nen conta	iner is opened for the fi	rst time –		
	discard after 7 days					
	Ensure solution is within	expiry dat	te			

Warnings including possible adverse	Minor gastro-intestinal disturbances e.g. nausea, vomiting, diarrhoea
reactions and	Hypersensitivity
management of these	For a full list of side effects – refer to the marketing authorisation holder's SPC. A copy of the SPC must be available to the health professional administering medication under this Patient Group Direction. This can be accessed on www.medicines.org.uk
Reporting procedure for adverse reactions	Pharmacists should document and report all adverse incidents through their own internal governance systems. Pharmacists should record all adverse reactions (actual and suspected) in their PMR and send an SBAR (situation, background, assessment, recommendation) communication to the appropriate medical practitioner for documenting in the patient's medical record as appropriate. Where appropriate, use the Yellow Card System to report adverse drug reactions. Yellow Cards and guidance on its use are available at the back of the BNF or online at http://yellowcard.mhra.gov.uk/
Advice to Patient/carer including written information	 Take this medicine when your stomach is empty. This means an hour before food or 2 hours after food Advise patient of the importance of taking flucloxacillin regularly and completing the course Inform patient of possible side effects and their management and who to contact should they be troublesome If rash or other signs of hypersensitivity occur, stop taking the medicine and contact your doctor for advice Ensure patient is aware that if symptoms worsen, the patient becomes systemically unwell e.g. develops a temperature, racing heartbeat, rapid shallow breathing or confusion then they should seek medical advice that day If symptoms have not improved after 2-3 days treatment, then patients should be advised to seek further medical advice Latest recommendations are that no additional contraceptive precautions are required when combined oral contraceptives are used with antibacterials that do not induce liver enzymes, unless diarrhoea and vomiting occur The Drug Manufacturer Patient Information Leaflet should be given. Patients should be informed who to contact should they experience an adverse drug reaction
Monitoring	Not applicable
Follow-up	Advise patient to seek medical advice should symptoms worsen or
	not improve.
Additional Facilities	The following should be available where the medication is supplied:
	An acceptable level of privacy to respect patient's right to
	confidentiality and safety
	Access to medical support (this may be via the telephone)Approved equipment for the disposal of used materials
	 Clean and tidy work areas, including access to hand washing facilities
	Access to current BNF (online version preferred)

Characteristics of staff authorised under the PGD

Professional	Registered pharmacist with current General Pharmaceutical Council
qualifications	(GPhC) registration.
	Under PGD legislation there can be no delegation. Supply of
	the medication has to be by the same practitioner who has
	assessed the patient under this PGD.
Specialist	Has undertaken appropriate training to carry out clinical
competencies or	assessment of patient which may lead to diagnosis that requires
qualifications	treatment according to the indications listed in this PGD, by
	successfully completing NES Pharmacy e-learning module on "Skin
	infections for NHS Pharmacy First Scotland"
	https://learn.nes.nhs.scot/43886/pharmacy/cpd-resources/skin-
	<u>infections-for-nhs-pharmacy-first-scotland</u>
	Abla to access the manager and the content of the material
	Able to assess the person's capacity to understand the nature and purpose of the medication in order to give or refuse consent.
	Must be familiar with the flucloxacillin SPC.
	Authorised to use PGD on completion and submission of an approved practitioner form.
Continuing education and training	It is the responsibility of the individual to keep up-to-date with continued professional development
	Has read the most up to date guidance on the management of cellulitis e.g. PHE, NICE, SIGN, SAPG. Attends approved training and training updates as appropriate. Undertakes CPD when PGD or NES Pharmacy module are updated.

Audit Trail

All records must be clear, legible and in an easily retrieval format. Pharmacists must record in PMR or PCR. The following records should be kept (paper or computer based and are included in the patient assessment form: Patient's name/parent/guardian/person with parental responsibility, address, date of birth and consent given Patient's CHI number Contact details of GP (if registered) Presenting complaint and diagnosis Details of medicine supplied The signature and printed name of the healthcare professional who supplied the medicine. Advice given to patient (including side effects) The PGD title and/or number Whether the patient met the inclusion criteria and whether the exclusion criteria were assessed Details of any adverse drug reaction and actions taken including documentation in the patient's medical record Referral arrangements (including self-care)

The patient's GP, where known, should be provided with a copy of the client assessment form for the supply of flucloxacillin on the same, or next available working day. If the patient suffers an adverse drug reaction to flucloxacillin, the GP should also be informed. These records should be retained in accordance with national guidance¹ (see page 56 for standard retention periods summary table). Where local arrangements differ, clarification should be obtained through your Health Board Information Governance Lead. All records of the drug(s) specified in this PGD will be filed with the normal records of medicines in each service. A designated person within each service will be responsible for auditing completion of drug forms and collation of data. 1. Scottish Government. Scottish Government Records Management. Edinburgh 2020. Available at SG-HSC-Scotland-Records-Management-Code-of-Practice-2020-v20200602.pdf (Accessed on 21/05/2021) Additional references Formulary (BNF) British National current edition flucloxacillin SPC.

PATIENT GROUP DIRECTION FOR THE SUPPLY OF FLUCLOXACILLIN CAPSULES OR ORAL SOLUTION BY COMMUNITY PHARMACISTS UNDER THE 'NHS PHARMACY FIRST SCOTLAND' SERVICE

Individual Authorisation

PGD does not remove inherent professional obligations or accountability

It is the responsibility of each professional to practice only within the bounds of their own competence and in accordance with the General Pharmaceutical Council Standards for Pharmacy Professionals.

Note to Authorising Authority: authorised staff should be provided with access to the clinical content of the PGD and a copy of the document showing their authorisation.

I have read and understood the Patient Group Direction authorised by each of the individual NHS Boards that I wish to operate in and agree to provide flucloxacillin capsules/oral solution.

Name of Pharmacist							
GPhC Registration Nu	ımber						
Normal Pharmacy Loc (Only one Pharmacy na appropriate. If you work i	me and		-			Board (HB)	area where
Name & Contractor co	ode HB	(1)					
Name & Contractor co	ode HB	(2)					
Name & Contractor co	de HB	(3)					
Please indicate your p	osition Empl		acy by Mana	·	, 	ollowing: Owner	
Signature			Date				
Please tick and send addresses are given of			you w	ork in	. Fax numbei	rs, email	and posta
Ayrshire & Arran		Grampian			Orkney		
Borders		Gr Glasgow & C	lyde		Shetland		
Dumfries & Galloway		Highland			Tayside		
Fife		Lanarkshire			Western Isles	S	
Forth Valley		Lothian					

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