# Patient Group Direction for the treatment of bacterial skin infections in patients aged 18 years and over, including infected insect bite, cellulitis (patient afebrile and no sign of systemic infection), and acute paronychia (with signs of cellulitis)

## Patient assessment form

Patient name and address (including postcode):	Click or tap here to enter text.	Date of Birth /CHI: Sex	Clicl M	k or tap	here to enter text.
Date of assessment:	Click or tap to enter a date.	Patient is aware that GP will be informed:	Yes		No 🗆

#### Patient clinical picture and related appropriate actions

Clinical features/symptom assessment	Yes	No	Actions		
Is patient over 18 years of age?			If NO, do not treat with this PGD. Refer if appropriate.		
Is presenting condition any one of the following three?					
Infected insect bite			If NO, do not treat with this		
Cellulitis (patient afebrile and no signs of systemic infection)			PGD. Consider alternative diagnosis and refer if		
Acute paronychia (nail infection) with signs of cellulitis			appropriate.		
Other exclusion criteria					
Known hypersensitivity to beta-lactam antibiotic (penicillins or cephalosporins) or any excipients?					
Is patient febrile and/or unwell (i.e. features suggestive of systemic infection)?					
Is cellulitis related to a human or animal bite, a surgical wound, chronic wound/ leg ulcer or burns?					
Is peri-orbital (preseptal)/facial cellulitis present?			If YES to any of the exclusion		
Has patient had recent antibiotics (regardless of source) for same episode of cellulitis?			criteria, do not treat with thi PGD.		
Does the patient have recurrent cellulitis i.e. 2 or more episodes in 6 months at the SAME SITE? ?			Refer to GP/OOH/ED as appropriate.		
Is cellulitis present on arms or torso but <b>NOT</b> linked to an insect bite?					
Does the patient have paronychia with signs of cellulitis which requires drainage of pus and/or severe pain?					
Does the patient have a diabetic foot infection?					
Known hepatic impairment or previous flucloxacillin associated jaundice?					

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Known severe renal impairment (eGFR <10mL/min/1.73m <sup>2</sup> )?			
Is there any history of MRSA infection or colonisation?			
Does the patient have history of injecting drug use (e.g. illicit drugs, anabolic steroids) and infection is likely to be related to injecting practices?			
Is the patient pregnant?			
Is the patient breastfeeding AND have symptoms of lactational mastitis?			
Concomitant use of interacting medication?			
History of porphyria?			
Current immunosuppression e.g. taking chemotherapy, long term corticosteroids or other immunosuppressant therapies?			
Does the patient have acute diarrhoea or vomiting which would impair the absorption of antibiotics?			
Has informed consent to treatment been obtained?		If NO, pation receive tre	

# Preparation options and supply method

Medicine and strength	Regimen - Health Board specific (during waking hours)	Supply method
Flucloxacillin 500 mg capsules	500 mg - One capsule FOUR times daily x 20 1g – Two capsules FOUR times daily x 40	PGD via NHS
Flucloxacillin 250 mg capsules	500 mg - Two capsules FOUR times daily x 40 1g – Four capsules FOUR times daily x 80	Pharmacy First
Flucloxacillin 250mg/5ml oral solution	500 mg - Two 5ml spoonful (10ml) FOUR times daily x 200ml 1g - Four 5ml spoonful (20ml) FOUR times daily x 400ml	Scotland

# Patient advice checklist

Advice	Provided (tick as appropriate)
How to take medication – when stomach is empty – either ONE hour before food, or TWO hours after food	
Take regularly and complete the course	
Common side effects of medication e.g. nausea, vomiting and diarrhoea – speak to pharmacist or GP if troublesome	
Appropriate analgesia may be taken if required for pain relief	

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If a rash or other signs of hypersensitivity occur, STOP taking medication and contact GP	
or NHS 24 for advice	
Expected duration of symptoms - Seek medical advice from GP if symptoms do not	
resolve after 2 - 3 days treatment.	
Seek medical assistance that day if symptoms worsen – becomes systemically unwell, or	
develops a raised temperature, racing heartbeat, rapid shallow breathing or confusion	
Cholestatic jaundice and hepatitis may occur very rarely, up to two months after	
treatment with flucloxacillin has been stopped – seek further medical advice if showing	
symptoms of jaundice or have itchy skin, darker urine or paler stools than usual.	
If taking oral contraceptives, no additional precautions are required unless diarrhoea and	
vomiting occur (absorption of contraception may be affected)	
Patient information leaflet relating to medication is given to patient	

## Communication

Contact made with	Details (include time and method of communication)
Patient's General Practice (details)	Click or tap here to enter text.

# Details of medication supplied and pharmacist supplying under the PGD

Medication supplied	Click or tap here to enter text.
Batch number and expiry	Click or tap here to enter text.
Print name of pharmacist	Click or tap here to enter text.
Signature of pharmacist	Click or tap here to enter text.
GPhC registration number	Click or tap here to enter text.

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## Notification of supply from community pharmacy

## CONFIDENTIAL WHEN COMPLETED

Data protection confidentiality note: this message is intended only for the use of the individual or entity to whom it is addressed and may contain information that is privileged, confidential and exempt from disclosure under law. If the reader of this message is not the intended recipient, you are hereby notified that any dissemination, distribution or copying of this communication is strictly prohibited.

GP name	Click or tap here to enter text.	Pharmacy Stamp / Address details
GP practice address	Click or tap here to enter text.	
	Click or tap here to enter text.	
01	as attended this pharmacy for ial treatment of a skin infection:	
Patient name	Click or tap here to enter text.	
Date of birth/CHI	Click or tap here to enter text.	Pharmacist name
Patient address	Click or tap here to enter text.	Click or tap here to enter text.
	Click or tap here to enter text.	GPhC number Click or tap here to enter text.
Postcode	Click or tap here to enter text.	DateClick or tap to enter a date.

### Following assessment (Tick as appropriate)

Presenting condition				
Infected insect bite $\Box$	Cellulitis 🛛	Paronychia 🛛		
The patient has been given a 5-day co				
500 mg / 1g four times daily (delete as				
The patient has been given self-care advice only				
The patient is unsuitable for treatmen				
reasons and has been referred:				
Click or tap here to enter text.				

Your patient has been advised to contact the practice if symptoms fail to resolve following treatment.

You may wish to include this information in your patient records.

<b>Patient consent</b> : I can confirm that the information is a true reflection of my individual circumstances and I give my consent to allow a pharmacist working under the terms of NHS Pharmacy First Scotland to provide the most appropriate advice and/or treatment for me. I also give my permission to allow	Consent received
the pharmacist to pass, to my own GP, details of this consultation and any advice given, or treatment provided. I have been advised that some of the information may be used to assess the uptake of the service, but this will be totally anonymous and not be attributable to any individual patient.	

This form should now be sent to the patient's GP and a copy retained in the pharmacy.

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